"Designing Instrument for Science Classroom

Learning Environment in Francophone Minority Settings: Accounting for Voiced

Concerns among Teachers and Immigrant/Refugee Students"

By

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The three-phase process -Instrument for Minority Immigrant Science Learning

Environment, an 8-scale, 32-item see Appendix I- (I\_MISLE) instrument when completed

by teachers provides an accurate description of existing conditions in classrooms in which

immigrant and refugee students are situated. Through the completion of the instrument and

consideration of the data emanating from that process, teachers are in a position to move

responsively, both individually and collectively, towards enacting practices that will

support immigrant and refugee students in their transition to Canadian classrooms and the

learning of science, especially within francophone minority settings.

**Keywords**: Learning Environment Research, Refugee Students, Immigrant students,

Cultural discontinuity, Post-colonialism, Division scolaire franco-manitobaine, Science

Education, Survey Research, Instrument.

## **English version**

There are 32 questions in this survey. Answer each item according to the context of the school where you work. Think about the statements and determine to what extent they describe the environment of your school.

Mark your answer on the sheet by selecting:

**TD**: If you totally disagree with the statement

**D**: If you disagree with the statement

N: If you neither agree nor disagree or if you are unsure

A: If you agree with the statement

**TA**: If you are totally in agreement with the statement

Check your answers before submitting the questionnaire to be sure that you have made the choices that you have considered doing.

1. I ha	ve the t	ime to p	prepare	my classes based on the needs of my newcomer students.	
SD	D	N	A	SA	
2. I va	lue all s		in my		
TD	D	N	A	SA	
		-		e with the necessary support to teach newcomer students.	
TD	D	N	A	SA	
	_			students gives me the opportunity to innovate my teaching.	
TD	D	N	A	SA	
5 I aa	1, af aal	1:	::	an shallange among the necrosing and students	
		_	•	or challenge among the newcomer students.	
TD	D	N	A	SA	
6 Tho	namaa	mar etu	donta or	a informed of the resources available in the school to below	
			uems ar	e informed of the resources available in the school to help	
	succeed.	N	٨	SA	
TD	D	IN	A	SA	
7 Mx	collegg	uec are	willing	to help me, so newcomer students succeed.	
TD	D	N	A	SA	
וט	D	11	Λ	JA	
8 Im	ake an e	ffort to	know e	each student personally.	
TD	D D	N	A	SA	
1D	D	11	7.1	571	
9. I tal	ce the ti	me nec	essarv to	o plan science lessons for newcomer students.	
TD	D	N	A	SA	
12	2	11			
10. I f	eel com	petent t	o teach	science to newcomer students.	
TD	D	N	A	SA	
		- '			
11. I b	elieve t	hat all s	students	can succeed regardless of their cultural background and	
socio-economic status.					
TD	D	N	A	TA	
12. I d	o not fa	vor any	studen	t in my class.	
TD	D	N	A	TA	

13. I have the adequate materials to teach my students and help newcomer students learn								
in scie	nce.							
TD	D	N	A	TA				
14. I k	14. I know how to plan a lesson incorporating a cultural vision.							
TD	D	N	A	TA				
	•		_	ess their background, have the potential to face the same				
	lties in							
TD	D	N	A	TA				
	16. The school division does not offer professional development to help me improve my teaching to newcomer students.							
	_							
TD	D	N	A	TA				
17. Th		y and p	ersonal	trajectory of newcomer students affect their performance in				
TD	D	N	A	TA				
		-	-	re about the origins, among others, of the educational students.  TA				
19. I k	now ho	w to dit	fferentia	ate my lessons using the culture of my students.				
TD	D	N	A	TA				
12	2	11	11					
20. I d	o not ha	ave the	support	needed to teach newcomer students.				
TD	D	N	A	TA				
	now ho			ntage of the cultural background of students in my teaching				
TD	D	N	A	TA				
22. M <sub>2</sub>	y studer D	nts do n	ot pass	because they need more instructional time. TA				
23. I a	m satisf D	fied with	h my jo A	b of teaching science to newcomer students. TA				

24. I c	_	my tea	ching pi	ractices to meet the learning science needs of the newcomer		
TD	D	N	A	TA		
25. I k	now the	e best p	ractices	in science education that can help newcomer students in		
learnii	ng scien	ce.				
TD	D	N	A	TA		
26. I tl	hink the	re is an	effort t	o meet the learning needs of newcomer students.		
TD	D	N	A	TA		
27. I p	ledge to	chang	e my te	aching to meet the needs of the newcomer students.		
TD	D	N	A	TA		
28. I have a variety of methods to help students learn science.						
TD	D	N	A	TA		
29. M	y studer	nts say l	l do a go	ood job as a teacher of science.		
TD	D	N	Α	TA		
30. If	I have c	oncerns	s about	a newcomer student, I know whom to talk to.		
TD	D	N	A	TA		
31. So studen		otional	factors	must be taken into account in teaching science to newcomer		
				m.		
TD	D	N	A	TA		
				aground of newcomer students prevents them from		
succeeding in science.						
TD	D	N	A	TA		

**Appendix I**Scales and Sample Items from the I\_MISLE

Scale	Description of Scale	Sample Item
Resource Adequacy	Teacher perceptions of the adequacy of equipment,	The school is adequately resourced to
	instructional material and facilities needed to instruct	differentiate science instruction for immigrant
	immigrant students in science	students
Time	Teacher perceptions of time necessary for preparation	Teachers have enough time to prepare lessons
	and delivery of immigrant/refugee students' learning	that suit refugee students' learning needs
	needs	
Knowledge of Students'	Teacher perceptions of students' socio-economic,	Teachers are inquiring about students'
Background	cultural, linguistic, emotional and academic background	cultural background
Professional Support	Teacher perceptions of the support available from both	Teachers of this school receive the ongoing
	school and external sources to support their teaching of	support needed from the school
	immigrant students	administration to teach science to immigrant
		students
Professional Adequacy	Teacher perceptions of their ability and competence to	Teachers at this school are confident in
	teach science to immigrant students	teaching science to immigrant students
Professional Science Knowledge for Integration	Teacher perceptions of the knowledge and	Teachers have insights in integrating cultural
Knowledge for integration	understandings necessary to assist students in their	components into the science curriculum
	learning of science	
Professional Attitude and	Teacher perceptions of the science attitudes and interest	Teachers are enthusiastic about teaching
Interest	they hold towards learning and teaching science	science to students from different cultural
		backgrounds
Equity	Teacher beliefs and disposition towards equitable	All students are treated equally in my
	teaching practices	classroom